

HUMAN OVARY TISSUE LYSATE

Catalog Number: Extraction 1, soluble protein fraction

T5-012-T-1 Human ovary tumor tissue lysate $100 \mu g$ T5-012-N-1 Human ovary normal tissue lysate (matched) $100 \mu g$

Extraction 2, insoluble protein fraction

T5-012-T-2 Human ovary tumor tissue lysate $100 \mu g$ T5-012-N-2 Human ovary normal tissue lysate (matched) $100 \mu g$

Diagnosis: Ovarian mucinous cystadenocarcinoma, grade n/a, stage IIIb

Sex / Age: Female, age 54.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml, 100 µg/vial.

The vial is provided with a 10% overfill. Maximum recovery can be obtained by centrifuging the

vial briefly to collect any solution on the cap and tube sides.

Storage: Aliquot single use volumes to avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

From time of receipt, this product is stable for 3 months at -20°C, or 12 months at -70°C.

Lysate Preparation: Tissue specimens are homogenized in modified RIPA buffer to obtain the soluble proteins, and

centrifuged to clarify. The pellet was further extracted with a second buffer to obtain the less soluble protein fraction. The lysate solution may appear turbid at cold temperatures due to insolubility of buffer components. The solution should clear upon warming to room temperature.

Extraction 1:PBS, pH 7.41 μ g/ml Aprotinin1 mM NaFModified RIPA Buffer:1 mM EDTA1 μ g/ml Pepstatin-A0.1% SDS0.25% Na deoxycholate1 μ g/ml Leupeptin1 mM PMSF

1 mM Na₃VO₄

Extraction 2: PBS, pH 7.4, 5.0 M Urea, 2.0 M Thiourea, 50mM DTT, 0.1% SDS

Application: These lysates have not been subjected to denaturing or reducing conditions. This allows the tissue

or cell lysate to be used in a variety of applications; to study protein-protein interaction, ligand binding, ELISA, immunoprecipitation, 1D and 2D gel electrophoresis, and Western blotting for the detection of specific protein targets. For use in 1D and 2D gel electrophoresis, the addition of a

denaturing gel loading buffer with reducing agents may be required.

Buffer requirements for performing protein-protein interaction and ligand binding studies can vary

significantly from RIPA buffer and may require modifications. In most cases, tissue lysates in RIPA buffer can be used, directly in standard ELISA and immunoprecipitation assays.

This material has tested negative for HbsAg, HIV 1/2, and HCV. Use *UNIVERSAL*

PRECAUTIONS when handling. Human tissue derivatives must be treated as a potentially

infectious agent and disposed of appropriately.

Source: Integrated Laboratory Services-Biotech (ILSbio), Chestertown, MD 21620 www.ilsbio.com

ILS-10265

For Research Use Only



PATHOLOGY REPORT

Catalog No.

Tissue:OvaryLocation:OvaryDiagnosis:Ovarian mucinous cystadenocarcinoma, moderately differentiated.Stage:IIIbGrade:Not recorded

Sex: Female

Age: 54 years

Appearance: Macroscopic Tumors 6 x 8 cm in diameter, ill demarcated. Cut section is hard and dark brown. Some

areas are necrotic.

T5-012

Microscopic Tumor is composed of malignant cells which are large and irregular in size and shape,

with hyper-chromatic nuclei. The nuclei are irregular. Lots of lymphocytes.